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DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

[CBP Dec. 22-01]

Notice of Finding That Certain Seafood Harvested by the Taiwanese *Da Wang* Fishing Vessel with the Use of Convict, Forced or Indentured Labor Is Being, or is Likely to be, Imported into the United States in violation of 19 U.S.C. i307

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: General notice of forced labor finding.

SUMMARY: This document notifies the public that U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security, has determined that certain seafood has been harvested by the *Da Wang* fishing vessel withthe use of convict, forced or indentured labor, and is being, or is likely to be, imported into the United States.

DATES: This Finding applies to any merchandise described in Section II of this Notice that is imported on or after [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*]. It also applies to merchandise which has already been imported and has notbeen released from CBP custody before [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ilissa Shefferman, Chief, Investigations Branch, Forced Labor Division, Trade Remedy Law Enforcement Directorate, Office of Trade, (202) 506-5663 or forcedlabor@cbp.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Pursuant to section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1307), "[a]ll goods, wares, articles, and merchandise mined, produced or manufactured wholly or in part in any foreign country by convict labor or/and forced labor or/and indentured labor under penal sanctions shall not be entitled to entry at any of the ports of the United States, and the importation thereof is hereby prohibited." Under this section, "forced labor" includes "all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily" and includes forced or indentured child labor.

The Customs and Border Protection (CBP) regulations promulgated under the authority of 19 U.S.C. 1307 are found at sections 12.42 through 12.45 of title 19, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) (19 CFR 12.42-12.45). Among other things, these regulations allow any person outside of CBP to communicate his or her belief that a certain "class of merchandise . . . is being, or is likely to be, imported into the United States [in violation of 19 U.S.C. 1307]." 19 CFR 12.42(a), (b). Upon receiving such information, the Commissioner of CBP will initiate an investigation if warranted by the circumstances. 19 CFR 12.42(d). CBP also has the authority to self-initiate an investigation. 19 CFR 12.42(a). If the Commissioner finds that the information available "reasonably but not conclusively" indicates that such merchandise "is being, or is likely to be, imported" into the United States, the Commissioner will order port directors to "withhold release of the merchandise pending [further] instructions." 19 CFR 12.42(e). After issuance of a withhold release order, the covered merchandise will be detained by CBP for an admissibility determination and will be excluded unless the importer demonstrates that the merchandise was not made using forced labor in violation of 19 U.S.C. 1307. 19

CFR 12.43-12.44. Subject to certain conditions, the importer may also export the merchandise prior to seizure. 19 CFR 12.44(a).

These regulations also set forth the procedure for the Commissioner of CBP to issue a Finding when the Commissioner determines that the merchandise is subject to the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1307. Pursuant to 19 CFR 12.42(f), if the Commissioner finds that merchandise within the purview of 19 U.S.C. 1307 is being, or is likely to be, imported into the United States, the Commissioner will, with the approval of the Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), publish a Finding to that effect in the *Federal Register* and in the *Customs Bulletin and Decisions*. Under the authority of 19 CFR 12.44(b), CBP may seize and forfeit imported merchandise covered by a Finding.

On July 31, 2020, CBP issued a withhold release order (made effective on August 18, 2021) on "seafood" with reasonable evidence demonstrating that the *Da Wang* fishing vessel, which flies a Vanuatu flag but has a Taiwanese beneficiary, harvested the seafood using forced or convict labor. Through its investigation, CBP has determined that there is sufficient information to support a Finding that the *Da Wang* vessel, owned by Yong Feng Fishery Ltd., is using forced labor in its fishing operations and that such seafood harvested by the vessel is likely being imported into the United States.

II. Finding

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¹ Although the regulation states that the Secretary of the Treasury must approve the issuance of a Finding, the Secretary of the Treasury delegated this authority to the Secretary of Homeland Security in Treasury Order No. 100-16 (68 FR 28322). *See* Appendix to 19 CFR part 0. Under Delegation Order 7010.3, Section II.A.3, the Secretary of Homeland Security delegated the authority to issue a Finding to the Commissioner of CBP, with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security. The Commissioner of CBP, in turn, delegated the authority to make a Finding regarding prohibited goods under 19 U.S.C. 1307 to the Executive Assistant Commissioner, Office of Trade.

A. General

Pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1307 and 19 CFR 12.42(f), it is hereby determined that

certain articles described in paragraph II.B., that are harvested in whole or in part with the

use of convict, forced, or indentured labor by the Da Wang fishing vessel, which is

owned by Yong Feng Fishery Ltd., are being, or are likely to be, imported into the United

States. Based upon this determination, the port director may seize the covered

merchandise for violation of 19 U.S.C. 1307 and commence forfeiture proceedings

pursuant to 19 CFR part 162, subpart E, unless the importer establishes by satisfactory

evidence that the merchandise was not produced in any part with the use of prohibited

labor specified in this Finding. 19 CFR 12.42(g).

B. Articles and Entities Covered by This Finding

This Finding covers seafood, mainly tuna products, classified under Harmonized

Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 0304.87.0000, 0304.99.1190,

1604.14.4000, 1604.14.3059, and any other relevant subheadings under Chapters 3 and

16, which are harvested wholly or in part by the Da Wang fishing vessel, which is owned

and operated by Yong Feng Fishery Ltd.

The Secretary of Homeland Security has reviewed and approved this Finding.

Dated: January 25, 2022

John P. Leonard

Acting Executive Assistant Commissioner,

Office of Trade.

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